

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 1907/2006/EC (REACH, as amended by 453/2010/EC) and 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision date: 12 May 2015 Initial date of issue: 20 January 2009 SDS No. 382B-7

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

292 Precision Degreasing Solvent (Bulk)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Hydrocarbon base cleaner. Dissolves grease, oil, tar and similar soils.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

Supplier:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel.: +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: www.chesterton.com

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

STOT SE 3, H336

Skin Sens. 1, H317

EUH066

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2.1.2. Classification according to Directives 1999/45/EC and 1975/324/EEC

R10

Harmful; Xn; R65

R66

R43

Dangerous for the environment; N; R51/53

2.1.3. Classification according to WHMIS 1988

B3: Combustible liquids; D2B: Toxic materials causing other effects

2.1.4. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.5. Additional information

For full text of H-statements and R-phrases: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

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2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Hazard pictograms:









Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P301/310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333/313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Supplemental information: EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

None known

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

| OIL! IIII/CUI OO | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| Hazardous Ingredients¹ | % Wt. | CAS No./ EC No. | REACH Reg. No. | Classification (CLP/GHS) | Classification (67/548/EEC) |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 85-95 | 64742-47-8 265-149-8 | NA | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 STOT SE 3, H336 | R10 Xn; R65 R66 |
| d-Limonene, food grade (Orange terpenes) | 5-9 | 5989-27-5* 227-813-5 | 01-211952 9223-47 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M-factor = 1) | R10 Xn; R65 Xi; R38 R43 N; R50/53 |

Indications of danger acc. to 67/548/EEC: Xn: Harmful; Xi: Irritant; N: Dangerous for the environment

*Alternative CAS No: 68647-72-3 and 8028-48-6.

For full text of H-statements and R-phrases: see SECTION 16.

¹ Classified according to: * 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65

* 1272/2008/EC, 67/548/EEC, 99/45/EC, REACH

* WHMIS 2015

* Safe Work Australia [NOHSC: 1008 (2004)]

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician immediately.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Eve contact: Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Direct contact may cause skin and eye irritation. High vapor concentrations may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, headache and other central nervous system effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon Dioxide, dry chemical or foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Treat as an oil fire. Do not use water on product.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification:

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code:

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Vapor accumulations could flash and/or explode if ignited. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry area. Keep container closed when not in use.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

| Ingredients | OSHA | A PEL ¹ | ACGI | H TLV ² | UK | WEL ³ | AUSTR | ALIA ES4 |
|---|------|--------------------|------|--------------------|-----|------------------|-------|----------|
| | ppm | mg/m³ | ppm | mg/m³ | ppm | mg/m³ | ppm | mg/m³ |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light* | - | - | 197* | 1200* | _ | - | _ | - |
| d-Limonene, food grade** | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | | | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not allow vapors to accumulate. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use approved organic vapor respirator (e.g.,

Odour

EN filter type A-P2).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g., natural rubber, neoprene or PVC).

Eye and face protection: Safety glasses

Other: Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

low viscosity liquid

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

Physical state

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour not determined clear Odour threshold Initial boiling point 157°C (315°F) Vapour pressure @ 20°C 2 mm Hg **Melting point** not determined % Aromatics by weight < 1 % Volatile (by volume) not applicable 100% pН Flash point 41°C (105°F) Relative density 0.78 kg/l Method Weight per volume 6.5 lbs/gal PM Closed Cup Viscosity 1.3 cps @ 25°C Coefficient (water/oil) < 1 **Autoignition temperature** 227°C (440°F) Vapour density (air=1) > 1 Rate of evaporation (ether=1) **Decomposition temperature** not determined < 1 Upper/lower flammability or not determined Solubility in water insoluble

explosive limits

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable Oxidising properties not determined Explosive properties not determined

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

mild sweet petroleum odor

^{*}Based on the procedure described in appendix H, "Reciprocal calculation method for Certain Refined Hydrocarbon Solvent Vapor Mixtures" of the ACGIH TLVs® and BEIs®.

^{**}American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) recommended limit: 30 ppm.

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits.

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values.

³ EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

⁴ Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003].

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids and strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure under normal use:

Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing dermatitis and lung disorders are

generally aggravated by exposure.

Acute toxicity -

Oral: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

| Substance | Test | Result |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | LD50, rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| d-Limonene, food grade | LD50, rat | ≥ 4400 mg/kg |

Dermal: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

| Substance | Test | Result |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | LD50, rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| d-Limonene, food grade | LD50, rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |

Inhalation: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met. High vapor

concentrations may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, headache and other central

nervous system effects.

| Substance | Test | Result |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | LC50, rat, 4 h | > 5.2 mg/l (vapor) |
| d-Limonene | RD50, mice, 10 min. | 5.983 mg/l |

Skin corrosion/irritation: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause dermatitis.

| Substance | Test | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Skin irritation, rabbit | Mild irritation (read- |
| | | across) |
| d-Limonene | Skin irritation, human, rabbit | Irritating |

Serious eye damage/ irritation: May cause eye irritation.

| Substance | Test | Result |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Eye irritation, rabbit | Mild irritation (read- |
| | | across) |

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

May cause an allergic skin reaction. d-Limonene itself is not a skin sensitizer but some of its oxidation products are known skin sensitizers.

| Substance | Test | Result | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Skin sensitization, guinea pig | Not sensitizing | |

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous ingredients: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not

met.

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Carcinogenicity: As per 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication), this product contains no carcinogens as listed

by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or Regulation (EC) No

1272/2008.

Reproductive toxicity: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant.

STOT-single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure: Not expected to cause toxicity.

Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous ingredients, vapor phase: oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air; expected to be readily biodegradable. This substance is expected to be removed in a wastewater treatment facility.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

d-Limonene: has the potential to bioaccumulate [Octanol/water partition coefficient (log Kow): 4.23].

12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Insoluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). In aquatic systems, d-Limonene may adsorb to organic matter in sediments and suspended solids. This substance is highly volatile and will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Spent solvent is amenable to incineration or fuel blending. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

European List of Wastes code: 14 06 03

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN1993 TDG: UN1993 US DOT: UN1993*

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS NAPHTHA)
TDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS NAPHTHA)
US DOT: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS NAPHTHA)*

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 3
TDG: 3
US DOT: 3
14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: III
TDG: III
US DOT: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

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14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: ERG NO.128,

*May be reclassed as a combustible liquid and as non hazardous in non-bulk packages (maximum capacity of 119 gallons(450 L) or less as a receptacle) (49CFR 173.150 (f),(1),(2))

IMDG: EmS. F-E, S-E

ADR: Classification code F1, Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU regulations

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

Other EU regulations: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on

detergents. Directive 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances

(Petroleum products, qualifying quantities: 2 500 t, 25 000 t).

15.1.2. National regulations

| US EPA SARA | TITLE III | Hazardous Materia | ls Identification Syster | n (HN |
|--------------|--|---|--------------------------|-------|
| 312 Hazards: | 313 Chemicals: | 4 = Severe Hazard | HEALTH | 1 |
| Immediate | None | 3 = Serious Hazard 2 = Moderate Hazard | FLAMMABILITY | 2 |
| Fire | | 1 = Slight Hazard 0 = Minimal Hazard | PHYSICAL HAZARD | 1 |
| | TSCA: All chemical components are listed in the TSCA inventory. | * = See Section 8 | Personal Protection | * |

Other national regulations: National implementations of the EC Directives referred to in section 15.1.1.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

and acronyms: ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance (Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)
US DOT: United States Department of Transportation
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

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Key literature references and sources for data:

Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CSST)
Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Substances Information System (HSIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

| Classification | Classification procedure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | On basis of components |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Bridging principle "Dilution" |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Bridging principle "Dilution" |
| EUH066 | Bridging principle "Dilution" |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

Relevant H-statements:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Relevant R-phrases:

R10: Flammable.

R38: Irritating to skin. R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame, exclamation mark, health hazard, environment

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3.4.2, 7.1, 8.2, 11, 15, 16.

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.