



SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 1907/2006/EC (REACH, as amended by 2015/830/EU) and 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision date: 22 March 2016

Initial date of issue: 5 July 2007

SDS No. 181A-19

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

395 Tapping Lubricant (Aerosol)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

A high-quality petroleum based lubricant specifically designed for Aluminum and other soft metals.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY
860 Salem Street
Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA
Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785
(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST)
SDS requests: www.chesterton.com
E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com
E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com
EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23,
D85737 Ismaning, Germany – Tel. +49-89-996-5460

Supplier:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week
Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053
Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229
Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

2.1.2. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015

Flam. Aerosol 1, H222
Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

2.1.3. Classification according to WHMIS 1988

B5: Flammable aerosols; A: Compressed gases

2.1.4. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.5. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements**2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]****Hazard pictograms:****Signal word:**

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.
 P280 Wear protective gloves.
 P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 P410/412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

Supplemental information: None**2.2.2. Labelling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015****Hazard pictograms:****Signal word:**

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P280 Wear protective gloves.
 P264D Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
 P301/310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
 P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Supplemental information: None**2.3. Other hazards**

None known

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2. Mixtures**

Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% Wt.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	50-60	64742-47-8 265-149-8	NA	Flam. Liq. 4, H227** Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Propane	5-10	74-98-6 200-827-9	NA	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied Gas, H280 Simple Asphyx. (US/Can.)

Other ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum)	25-35	8042-47-5 232-455-8	NA	Not classified*
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For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

*Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

**Non-CLP classification.

¹ Classified according to: * 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65
* 1272/2008/EC, REACH
* WHMIS 2015
* Safe Work Australia [NOHSC: 1008 (2004)]

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician immediately.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vapor in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory tract and cause drowsiness, unconsciousness, headache, dizziness and other central nervous system effects. Causes skin irritation. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon Dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water jets

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Pressurized containers, when heated, are a potential explosive hazard.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification: –

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 **Y**

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Observe good work practice - avoid eating, drinking and smoking in the work area while using any hydrocarbons.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C (120°F). Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limit values**

Ingredients	OSHA PEL ¹		ACGIH TLV ²		UK WEL ³		AUSTRALIA ES ⁴	
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	–	–	179	1200	–	–	–	–
Propane	1000	1800	*	–	–	–	*	–
Oil mist, mineral	–	5	–	5	–	–	–	5

*Simple asphyxiant.

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits.

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values.

³ EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

⁴ Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003].

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering measures**

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use a half or full-face respirator with combined dust/organic vapour filter (EN filter type A/P2).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g. Viton*, neoprene, nitrile). *DuPont's registered trademark.

Eye and face protection: Safety glasses

Other: None

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	low viscosity liquid	Odour	mild
Colour	clear yellow	Odour threshold	not determined
Initial boiling point	182°C (360°F), product only	Vapour pressure @ 20°C	not determined
Melting point	not determined	% Aromatics by weight	0.6%, product only
% Volatile (by volume)	65.7%	pH	not applicable
Flash point	71°C (160°F), product only	Relative density	0.83 kg/l, product only
Method	PM Closed Cup	Weight per volume	6.9 lbs/gal, product only
Viscosity	not determined	Coefficient (water/oil)	< 1
Autoignition temperature	> 200°C (> 392°F), product only	Vapour density (air=1)	> 1
Decomposition temperature	not determined	Rate of evaporation (ether=1)	< 1
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	Solubility in water	negligible
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable	Oxidising properties	not determined
Explosive properties	not determined		

9.2. Other information

Kinematic viscosity at 40°C: 4.2 cSt (product only).

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1. Reactivity**

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use. No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, aldehydes and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Primary route of exposure under normal use: Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

Acute toxicity -**Oral:**

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50, oral, rat	> 5000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50, oral	> 5000 mg/kg

Dermal:

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50 dermal, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation:

Vapor in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory tract and cause drowsiness, unconsciousness, headache, dizziness and other central nervous system effects.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LC50 inhalation, rat	> 5.28 mg/l
Propane	LC50 inhalation, rat	> 200,000 ppm/4 hours
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LC50 inhalation, rat, 4 h	> 5 mg/l (mist)

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Causes skin irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Skin irritation, rabbit	slight / moderate
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Skin irritation, rabbit	Not irritating

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Substance	Test	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Eye irritation	Not irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Substance	Test	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Skin sensitization, guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity:

White mineral oil (petroleum), Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: not expected to be a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:	As per 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication), this product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Reproductive toxicity:	White mineral oil (petroleum), Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-single exposure:	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. White mineral oil (petroleum): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-repeated exposure:	Not expected to cause toxicity.
Aspiration hazard:	Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.
Other information:	None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Propane: expected to degrade rapidly in air. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: expected to biodegrade relatively quickly. Mineral oil: not readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Octanol/water partition coefficient (log Kow): 2.1 – 5. Propane: not expected to bioaccumulate. White mineral oil (petroleum), Octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow): > 6.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Insoluble in water. Floats on water. Surface tension < 33 mN/m @ 25°C, product only. The hazardous ingredients will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Incinerate pressurized or sealed containers in an approved facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement. This product is classified as a hazardous waste according to 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**14.1. UN number**

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:	UN1950
TDG:	UN1950
US DOT:	UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ICAO:	Aerosols, Flammable
IMDG:	Aerosols
ADR/RID/ADN:	Aerosols, <i>flammable</i>
TDG:	Aerosols, <i>flammable</i>
US DOT:	Aerosols, <i>flammable</i>

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:	2.1
TDG:	2.1
US DOT:	2.1

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:	NOT APPLICABLE
TDG:	NOT APPLICABLE
US DOT:	NOT APPLICABLE

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information**US DOT:** Shipped as Consumer Commodity ORM-D in packaging having a rated capacity gross weight of 66 lb. or less (49 CFR 173.306(i)). ERG NO. 126**IMDG:** EmS. F-D, S-U, Shipped as Limited Quantity**ADR:** Classification code 5F, Tunnel restriction code (E), Shipped as Limited Quantity**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION****15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****15.1.1. EU regulations****Authorisations under Title VII:** Not applicable**Restrictions under Title VIII:** None**Other EU regulations:** Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers.**15.1.2. National regulations****US EPA SARA TITLE III****312 Hazards:**Immediate
Fire
Pressure Release**313 Chemicals:**

None

Other national regulations: National implementation of the EC Directive referred to in section 15.1.1.**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
 ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF: Bioconcentration Factor
 CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)
 ES: Exposure Standard
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
 LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
 LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level
 N/A: Not Applicable
 NA: Not Available
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 NOEL: No Observed Effect Level
 OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
 (Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
 REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)
 RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
 SDS: Safety Data Sheet
 STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
 STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure
 STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure
 TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)
 US DOT: United States Department of Transportation
 vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance
 WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit
 WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
 Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references and sources for data: Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)
 Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
 European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals
 Hazardous Substances Information System (HSIS)
 National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
 Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)
 U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of components
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Bridging principle "Dilution"
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Bridging principle "Dilution"
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H220: Extremely flammable gas.
 H227: Combustible liquid.
 H229: Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
 H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H315: Causes skin irritation.
 H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame, health hazard, exclamation mark, environment

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3, 11, 12.1, 16.

Revision date: 22 March 2016

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.